# GEORGE ROBERT WHITE FUND

# **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**JUNE 30, 2023** 



# **GEORGE ROBERT WHITE FUND**

# **Financial Statements**

June 30, 2023

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of the George Robert White Fund:

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the George Robert White Fund (the "Fund"), known interchangeably as Trust Investment Pool 5 (the "Pool"), a pooled investment account of the City of Boston, Massachusetts, which comprise the statement of fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2023, the statement of changes in fiduciary net position for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the Pool as of June 30,2023, and the changes in its fiduciary net position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Pool and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Pool's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.



In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  Pool's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Pool's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 3, 2023, on our consideration of the Pool's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pool's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Pool's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

October 3, 2023

Withem Smith + Brown, PC

Required Supplementary Information

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited)

The following discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial position and activities of The George Robert White Fund (the "Fund") for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022. The purpose is to provide explanations into the information presented in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

The Fund was established as a testamentary trust on December 13, 1919, through bequest by will of George Robert White and is a component unit of the City of Boston, Massachusetts (the "City"). The will requires that the Fund's income only be used for expenditures of a capital nature that create works of public utility and beauty for the use and enjoyment of the inhabitants of the City.

The Fund makes up the entirety of the City's Trust Investment Pool 5 (the "Pool"), which is held in a custody account with a financial institution.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The following discussion and analysis are intended to assist the reader in better understanding the purpose and meaning of each of the key components of the Fund's financial statements, which comprise the following:

- 1. The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position present the Fund's assets and liabilities with the difference between assets and liabilities as fiduciary net position. Over time, increases or decreases in fiduciary net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Pool is improving or deteriorating.
- 2. The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position provide information on the changes in the Fund's fiduciary net position during the current fiscal year. The additions are derived from net appreciation in fair value of investments and investment income. Deductions include distributions and professional fees and services.
- 3. The Notes to the Financial Statements are an essential part of the financial statements. They provide important background and detailed information about the Fund, its investments, and the statements themselves.

Required Supplementary Information

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited)

### **Financial Analysis**

Tables 1 and 2 summarize the Fund's financial position and results for the years 2023 and 2022. The changes from year to year are due to distributions, changes in fair value of investments, and fees for professional services.

**Table 1 - Summary of Fiduciary Net Position** 

	Jur	ie 30	Amount	
			increase	Percentage
_	2023	2022	(decrease)	change of total
Assets:	_			
Current Assets:				
Cash	\$ 8,651,693	\$ 7,936,468	\$ 715,225	9.01%
Investments, fair value	22,902,232	22,942,215	(39,983)	-0.17%
Dividends and interest receivable	24,724	16,136	8,588	53.22%
Lease Receiveable - Current	211,369	205,469	5,900	100.00%
Accrued Interrest Income	4,160	4,343	(183)	100.00%
Other Assets	-			100.00%
Total Current Assets	31,794,178	31,104,631	689,547	2.22%
		_		
Non - Current Assets:				
Lease Receiveable - Non Curren	2,362,602	2,573,971	(211,369)	100.00%
Land	30,162	30,162		0.00%
Total Non - Current Assets	2,392,764	2,604,133	(211,369)	-8.12%
Total assets	34,186,942	33,708,764	478,178	1.42%
Liabilities:		_		
Accounts payable	888,501	103	888,398	99.99%
Accrued Expenses	-	31,768	(31,768)	-100.00%
Due to City of Boston	75,861	65,466	10,395	15.88%
Total Liabilities	964,362	97,337	867,025	890.75%
Deferred Inflow of Resources		_		
Related to Lease receiveable	2,529,216	2,752,745	(223,529)	100.00%
Total Deferred Inflows	2,529,216	2,752,745	(223,529)	100.00%
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	3,493,578	2,850,082	643,496	122.58%
Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 30,693,364	\$ 30,858,682	\$ (165,318)	-0.54%
•	·			

For further detail on the fair value of investments, refer to Note 3 of the financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited)

Table 2 - Summary of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

	June 30					Amount	
		2023		2022		increase decrease)	Percentage change of total
Additions:		_		_			
Investment Income:							
Interest and dividends	\$	707,818	\$	450,603	\$	257,215	57.08%
Net realized gains on investments		452,937		1,008,922		(555,985)	-55.11%
Net unrealized gains (losses) on investments		743,346		(3,291,994)		4,035,340	-122.58%
Advisory and custodial fees		(70,209)		(101,933)		31,724	-31.12%
Total Investment Income		1,833,892		(1,934,402)		3,768,294	-194.80%
Lease Income		216,946		234,774		(17,828)	-7.59%
Interest Income		10,027		17,021		(6,994)	100.00%
Total additions		2,060,865		(1,682,607)		3,743,472	-222.48%
Deductions:							
Capital gifts to the City of Boston		2,156,870		313,456		1,843,414	588.09%
General administration		69,315		73,415		(4,100)	-5.58%
Total deductions		2,226,185		386,871		1,839,314	475.43%
Net increase in fiduciary net positions		(165,320)		(2,069,478)	•	1,904,158	-92.01%
Fiduciary Net Position, beginning of year		30,858,684		32,928,162		(2,069,478)	-6.28%
Fiduciary Net Position, end of year	\$	30,693,364	\$	30,858,684	\$	(165,320)	-0.54%

### **Financial Highlights**

- In 2023 and 2022, the Pool earned investment income, net of fees in the amount of \$1,833,892 and \$(1,934,402).
- In 2023 and 2022, the Fund's Lease revenue amounted to \$216,946 and \$234,774.
- In 2023 and 2022, the Fund distributed capital gifts of \$2,156,870 and \$313,456 to the City of Boston.

#### **Economic Factors**

The economic factors that are of primary significance to the Pool are the net returns on investments, rental revenue, and capital gifts made to the City of Boston.

Required Supplementary Information

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited)

# **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide those with an interest in the Fund's finances with a general overview. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Senior Deputy Treasury of the City of Boston, City Hall, Room M-35, Boston, MA 02201.

# **GEORGE ROBERT WHITE FUND**

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2023

# GEORGE ROBERT WHITE FUND Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2023

Current Assets:	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 8,651,693
Investments, at fair value	22,902,232
Dividends and interest receivable	24,724
Lease receivable - current	211,369
Accrued Interest Income	4,160
Total Current Assets	31,794,178
Non - Current Assets:	
Lease receivable - non current	2,362,602
Land	30,162
Total Non - Current Assets	2,392,764
Total Assets	<u>\$ 34,186,942</u>
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	888,501
Due to City of Boston	75,861
Total Liabilities	964,362
Deferred Inflow of Resources:	
Related to Lease receivable	2,529,216
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	3,493,578
Fiduciary Net Position	30,693,364
Total Liabilities and Fiduciary Net Position	<u>\$ 34,186,942</u>

# GEORGE ROBERT WHITE FUND Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2023

Additions:		
Investment Income:		
Interest and dividends	\$	707,818
Net realized gains on investments		452,937
Net unrealized losses on investments		743,346
Investment advisory and custodial fees		(70,209)
Investment loss, net		1,833,892
Lease income		216,946
Interest income - leases		10,027
Total Additions		2,060,865
Deductions:		
Capital gifts to the City of Boston		2,156,870
General administration		69,31 <u>5</u>
Total Deductions		2,226,185
Changes in Fiduciary Net Position		(165,320)
Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning of Year		30,858,684
Fiduciary Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$</u>	30,693,364

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Organization

The George Robert White Fund (the "Fund"), a Massachusetts Permanent Charitable Trust, was established as a testamentary trust on December 13, 1919, through bequest by will of George Robert White. The will requires that the Fund's income only be used for expenditures of a capital nature that create works of public utility and beauty for the use and enjoyment of the inhabitants of the City of Boston (the "City").

Other restrictions and requirements cover the operations of the Fund and investment policies that are under the direction of a Board of Trustees (the "Trustees"), chaired by the Mayor of the City. The implementation and administration of the Fund is carried out by various departments of the City.

#### Basis of Accounting

The Fund uses the governmental reporting model because a majority of the Board of Trustees are City personnel. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared utilizing the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

#### Management's Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions about future events. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management evaluates the estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors that management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Adjustments to estimates and assumptions are made as facts and circumstances require. As future events and their effects cannot be determined with certainty, actual results may differ from the estimates used in preparing the accompanying financial statements.

#### Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting policies of the Fund conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to private-purpose trust funds of a government entity.

#### Cash and Equivalents

For purposes of the financial statements, the Fund considers cash on deposit, certificates of deposit, and all highly liquid investments available for current use with an original maturity of three months or less, to be cash equivalents.

#### **Investments**

Investments in marketable securities are stated at fair value. The Fund categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Dividends, interest, and net gains or losses on investments of endowments and similar funds are reported in the statement of changes in fiduciary net position.

#### Lease Revenue

The Fund leases property to tenants for commercial, educational and healthcare purposes in the City of Boston. The Fund's leasing activities consist of the rental of land and buildings under non-cancelable operating leases expiring through fiscal year 2049. Rental revenue under operating leases is recognized based on the terms of the lease contracts. For the year ended June 30, 2023, 100% of lease revenues were derived from agreements with three customers and another tenant at will arrangement. The leases for those two customers expire between fiscal years 2023 to 2049.

The Fund recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the statement of fiduciary net position.

At the commencement of a lease, the Fund initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the Fund determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The Fund uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The Fund monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

#### Facility Projects Funded

The Fund leases land and buildings owned by the City of Boston to entities serving the public and incorporates restrictions on its use in the lease agreements. The leases also incorporate reporting and other obligations of the lessee. In the event of the sale of any of these public works, the proceeds would revert to the Fund.

<u>Facility Projects Funded</u>
There are other funded projects that are on land owned by the City, which are not subject to the same reversionary provisions mentioned above. At June 30, 2023, future payments available for the other funded projects are as follows:

	Date	Total funds	Funds available
GRW West Roxbury YMCA Com Plaz	11/4/2014	\$ 1,550,000	\$ 1,545,700
GRW War Memorial, The Fens	4/4/2016	510,000	199,658
Rosa Parks Day Care HVAC	4/2/2018	324,200	44,200
James Michael Curley House	4/2/2018	288,000	31,413
Dorchester Family Resource Ctr	4/2/2018	260,400	244,078
Rosa Parks Landscaping & Misc	7/21/2019	320,938	36,089
Curley House Roof Weatherproof	7/21/2019	100,000	50,334
Build Envelope Stabilization	7/21/2019	200,000	32,584
Greater Roslindale Community H	7/21/2019	100,000	100,000
Environmental Conservation Ctr	7/21/2019	160,000	29,425
Roche Ctr Building	7/21/2019	155,000	78,320
East Boston Pino Center	7/21/2019	100,000	85,120
Community Resource ctr entranc	7/21/2019	10,000	2,850
GRW Capital Assessment	7/21/2019	80,000	80,000
Julie's Family Waterproofing	11/3/2020	105,000	105,000
Roache Family Waterproofing	11/8/2020	200,000	62,340
Roach Family Storm Water	11/8/2020	275,000	26,246
Environmental Center Roof	11/8/2020	100,000	7,500
Hyde Park Center Exterior Work	11/8/2020	7,500	-
Curley House Garage	11/8/2020	40,000	40,000
Curley House HVAC	11/8/2020	70,000	14,072
East Boston Health Storm Water	11/8/2020	57,423	13,101
North End Structual Improvement	12/6/2022	4,300,000	2,764,956
Fens Vet Memorial Rehab & ADA	12/6/2022	240,000	240,000
Curley House Exterior	12/6/2022	400,000	260,534
EBNHC & Jules Family Ctr Masonry	12/6/2022	600,000	212,482
Children's Zoo & Community Res	12/6/2022	143,000	143,000
Dorchester Family Resource Ctr	12/6/2022	140,000	108,333
Youth Develop Ctr HVAC System	12/6/2022	322,000	32,000
North End Health Exterior Door	12/6/2022	7,480	7,480
North End Health Septic Tank	12/6/2022	5,652	5,652
Roche Family Community Center AC Unit	12/6/2022	10,678	10,678
Total project funds available at June 30, 2023		\$ 11,182,271	\$ 6,613,145

As of January 1, 2023, the date of the most recent assessments by the City Assessor's Office, the assessed values of the Fund's facilities were as follows:

Buildings	\$ 46,951,725
Land	56,225,900
	\$ 103.177.625

#### **Income Taxes**

The Fund exists as a component unit of the City, and therefore has made no provision for federal income taxes in the accompanying financial statements. Under Internal Revenue Service and state regulations, the Fund is not required to file income tax returns in any federal or state jurisdiction.

#### New Governmental Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement 100 – Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an amendment of GASB 62 is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The objective of this statement is to provide consistency for changes in accounting principles, accounting estimates, and the reporting entity and corrections of errors.

Management has not completed its review of the requirements of this standard and its applicability.

#### Note 2 - Implementation of Newly Effective Accounting Standards

GASB Statement 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The objective of this statement is to provide accounting and financial reporting guidance for arrangements in which the governmental entity (the transferor) contracts with an operator to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset.

The adopted GASB statement did not have a material impact on these financial statements.

#### Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

Custodial credit risk is associated with the failure of a depository financial institution. In the event of a depository financial institution's failure, the Fund would not be able to recover its uninsured balances. At June 30, 2023, the Fund's balance of approximately \$7.94 million in cash with the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust ("MMDT"), an investment pool for political subdivisions in the Commonwealth that was designed as a legal means to invest temporarily available cash. An investment in this pool is not a deposit of a bank and is neither insured nor guaranteed by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts or the U.S. government, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or any other government agency. Its primary purpose is to provide a safe, liquid, high-yield investment vehicle offering participation in a diversified cash portfolio of high-quality money market instruments. Although the cash portfolio seeks to preserve the value of investments at \$1.00 per unit, it is possible to lose money by investing in MMDT. MMDT's portfolio yield will vary from day to day based on changes in interest rates and market changes.

#### Note 4 - Investments

#### General

The investments of the Fund are held as the City's Trust Investment Pool 5, which is held in a custody account with a financial institution. They are carried at their fair market value, which is determined on the close of the last business day of trading just prior to, or on, the day of valuation. The calculation of net realized and unrealized gain or loss on sales of investments is determined on the basis of average cost.

The Fund's management has established asset allocation target ranges as shown below:

#### **Target Asset Mix Table**

	Minimum		Maximum
Asset Class	weight	Target	weight
Equity	38 %	48 %	58 %
Fixed-Income	14 %	24 %	34 %
Real Assets	0 %	6 %	16 %
Multi Asset	12 %	22 %	32 %

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt instruments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Through its investment policies, the Fund manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates by limiting the average duration of an actively managed fixed-income portfolio to no more than seven years.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. It is the Fund's policy that there shall be no specific limitation in regard to creditworthiness of securities, except the overall average quality of each fixed-income portfolio shall be "A" or better as rated by Standard & Poor's, or its equivalent. Investment managers may perform independent analysis of the creditworthiness of securities and their suitability as investments regardless of the classifications provided by ratings agencies.

Investment managers may maintain reserve and cash equivalent investments with such securities carrying the equivalent of a Standard & Poor's A rating. Securities with a rating of below investment grade may comprise no more than 15%, at market, of any fixed-income portfolio. The Fund's investments in individual corporate debt instruments were rated on an average agency quality rating range of Aaa to Unrated by Moody's Investors Services ("MDYS").

Investments of the Fund are exposed to interest rate and market risk. They are stated at fair market value and consist of the following:

Investment Maturities (in Years)										
Investment <u>Type</u>		Fair <u>Value</u>		Less Than 1		<u>1-5</u>		<u>6-10</u>		More Than 10
Institutional and mutual funds Local and municipal	\$	1,273,867	\$	348,827	\$	543,778	\$	196,717	\$	184,545
obligations		34,970		1,100		9,266		21,885		2,719
U.S. Treasury and agency securities International government		4,980,817		569,816		1,462,975		2,598,355		349,672
bonds		182,425		21,280		45,118		48,118		67,910
Corporate debt instruments		2,883,313 9,355,392	\$	245,345 1,186,368	\$	1,703,873 3,765,010	\$	468,635 3,333,710	\$	465,460 1,070,306
Other Investments:		, ,	·		·		·		·	
Money market funds		164,004								
Equity securities		11,736,966								
Real estate funds		1,645,870								
Total	\$	22,902,232								

Related	Debt	Instruments
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MDYS Quality Ratings:		Institutional and mutual funds	Local and municipal obligations	<u>s</u>	U.S. Treasury and agency securities	International government bonds		Corporate debt instruments
AAA	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,980,817	\$ 29,298	\$	567,750
Aa1		-	1,100		-	-		-
Aa2		1,273,867	8,284		-	_		_
Aa3		-	-,		-	-		58,991
A1		_	17,162		-	-		314,947
A2		-	-		-	-		169,889
A3		-	-		-	-		319,341
Baa1		-	-		-	-		135,792
Baa2		-	-		-	66,398		215,731
Baa3		-	-		-	6,575		102,315
Ba1		-	-		-	7,791		43,440
Ba2		-	-		-	18,302		19,306
Ba3		-	-		-	38,876		31,482
B1		-	-		-	-		41,364
B2		-	-		-	7,142		534,624
В3		-	-		-	1,341		15,913
Caa1		-	-		-	1,468		2,113
Caa2		-	-		-	-		367
Caa3		-	-		-	-		-
Ca		-	-		-	-		230,743
С		-	-		-	-		15,214
Unrated	-	<del>-</del>	8,424			5,234	-	63,991
	\$_	1,273,867	\$34,970	\$	4,980,817	\$ 182,425	\$	2,883,313

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2023, the money market funds held by the Fund's counterparty were uninsured and uncollateralized and were exposed to custodial credit risk. The Fund's money market funds are subject to maturity, quality and diversification requirements, and invest in the highest credit rating, or the unrated equivalent.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investments with a single issuer. The Fund mitigates concentration of credit risk by limiting the percentage of the portfolio invested with any one issuer. With the exception of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities, the Fund mitigates concentration of credit risk by limiting the purchase of securities of any one issuer to no more than 10.00% of the portfolio, measured at market.

At June 30, 2023, the U.S. Treasury securities comprised 16.17% of the total portfolio. U.S. agencies comprised 5.58% of the total portfolio, including 4.70% from the Small Business Administration.

#### Fair Value Hierarchy

Investments, including derivative instruments that are not hedging derivatives, are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that GASB Statements require or permit in the statement of fiduciary net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to assess at the measurement date; Level 2 inputs are other than quoted prices in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly through corroboration with observable market data; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2023.

Money market funds: Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the Fund. Money market funds held by the Fund are open-end money market funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The money market funds held by the Fund are classified as Level 1 and are deemed to be actively traded.

Equity securities: Consist primarily of corporate stocks traded on U.S. and non-U.S. active security exchanges that are valued using quoted market prices or at documented trade history prices for identical assets. These are categorized within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. If market quotations are not readily available, the stocks may be valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities and are classified as Level 2. If stocks are valued using assumptions from market participants, they are classified as level 3.

*Real estate funds:* Consist primarily of privately originated commercial mortgage loans secured by U.S. commercial real estate.

Institutional and mutual funds: Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. Institutional and mutual funds held by the Fund are open-end funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The institutional and mutual funds held by the Fund are classified as Level 1 and are deemed to be actively traded. If market quotations are not readily available, the funds are valued by the pricing method determined by investment managers which determines valuations using methods based upon market transactions for comparable securities.

State and local municipal obligations: Valued by independent pricing services that determine fair valuations for normal, institutional-sized trading units of such securities using yield data relating to identical investments, or investments with similar characteristics, and other market inputs.

*International government bonds:* Bonds issued by foreign governments that are valued using quoted prices, documented history in the security, and pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs determined by investment managers.

*U.S. Treasury and agency securities:* Securities issued by the U.S. Government, its agencies, authorities and instrumentalities are valued using quoted prices, documented trade history in the security, and pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs determined by investment managers.

Corporate debt instruments: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities.

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Board of Trustees believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

At June 30, 2023, the investments' fair value measurements consist of the following, measured on a recurring basis:

	Fair V					
	Level 1 inputs		Level 2 inputs		Level 3 inputs	<u>Total</u>
Investments:						
Money market funds	\$ 164,004	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 164,004
Equity securities	11,726,295		10,671		-	11,736,966
Real estate funds	-		-		1,645,870	1,645,870
Institutional and mutual funds Local and municipal	1,273,867		-		-	1,273,867
obligations U.S. Treasury and agency	34,970		-		-	34,970
securities International government	4,980,817		-		-	4,980,817
bonds	_		182,425		_	182,425
Corporate debt instruments	481,661	,	2,401,652	,		2,883,313
Total investments	\$ 18,661,614	\$	2,594,748	\$	1,645,870	\$ 22,902,232

The following table sets forth a summary of changes in the fair value of the Level 3 investments for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Balance, beginning of year	\$	1,142,534
Realized gain on investments		(13,438)
Unrealized loss on investments	_	516,774
Balance, end of year	\$	1,645,870

#### Note 5 - Leases

The Fund has a 152-month lease as Lessor for the use of Mass General Hospital Bunker Hill Health Center 73 High Street. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$1,813,836. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$156,616. The lease has an interest rate of 0.285% (an implicit rate of the City for a lease with the above attributes). The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2023 was \$1,786,393, and the Fund has recognized lease revenue of \$167,474 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 2 extension options, each for 60 months.

The Fund has a 70-month lease as Lessor for the use of 895 Blue Hill Avenue. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$127,247. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,520. The lease has an interest rate of 0.637% (an implicit rate of the City for a lease with the above attributes). The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2023, was \$123,431, and the fund has recognized lease revenue of \$31,762 during the fiscal year.

The Fund has a 330-month lease as Lessor for the use of Emerson College 180-182 Tremont St. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$632,889. The lessee is required to make quarterly fixed payments of \$7,500. The lease has an interest rate of 1.5240%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2023 was \$619,393, and Trust Funds - Boston, MA recognized lease revenue of \$24,290 during the fiscal year.

The collection amounts for leases subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
Fiscal Year	Payments	Payments	Payments
2024	\$ 211,369	\$ 15,417	\$ 226,786
2025	217,422	14,445	231,867
2026	223,633	13,447	237,080
2027	223,985	12,425	236,410
2028	200,109	11,517	211,626
2029 - 2033	1,083,991	44,564	1,128,555
2034 - 2038	122,883	27,117	150,000
2039 - 2043	132,593	17,407	150,000
2044 - 2048	143,071	6,929	150,000
2049 - 2053	14,915	85	15,000
	\$ 2,573,971	\$ 163,353	\$ 2,737,324

#### Note 6 - Related Party Transactions

As the administrator, the City has the ability to charge the Fund for the services of certain personnel and an allocation of other administrative costs. Included in general administration are administrative fees of \$75,861 charged by the City for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Note 7 - Contingencies

In the normal course of operations, the Fund may be subject to certain claims and litigations. In the opinion of management and in-house legal counsel, the outcome of any such matters will not have a material effect on the financial position of the Fund.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of the George Robert White Fund:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the George Robert White Fund (the "Fund"), a component unit of the City of Boston, which comprise the statement of fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2023, the related statement of changes in fiduciary net position for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and we have issued our report thereon dated October 3, 2023.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Fund's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Fund's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



#### **Purpose of this Report**

Withem Smith + Brown, PC

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Fund's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 3, 2023